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# **Guarantees Of Child Rights In Uzbekistan**

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Abstract: The article talks about guarantees of children's rights in Uzbekistan.

Key words: Republic of Uzbekistan, child, right, guarantee, state, society.

## O'zbekistonda Bola Huquqlari Kafolatlari

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**Annotatsiya:** maqolada o'zbekistonda bola huquqlari kafolatlari haqida gapr borgan.

Kalit so'zlar: O'zbekiston Respublikasi, bola, huquq, kafolat, davlat, jamiyat.

Children always need love and care. The full guarantee of their rights and freedoms is extremely important for the formation of a person, the development of the state and society.

Children's rights are rights that every child should have, regardless of the category of human rights, race, gender, language, religion, place of birth,

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national or social origin, property, social status, and freedoms. In international law, everyone under the age of 18 is recognized as a child.

Ensuring the guarantees of children's rights and creating the necessary organizational and legal conditions for their protection is one of the priority directions of state policy in our country. Therefore, significant work is being done in this regard in our country. In particular, the Family Code, which is the legal basis for guarantees of children's rights, "On Education", "On Guarantees of Children's Rights", "On State Policy Regarding Youth", Laws "On protection of children from information harmful to their health", "On the rights of persons with disabilities" and other similar laws were adopted.

Among them, the Law "On Guarantees of Children's Rights" is of particular importance. It clearly reflects the participants of relations, their rights and obligations related to the guarantee of children's rights. The law also strengthens the legal protection of children, such as the state policy on the protection of children's rights, guarantees of children's rights, additional guarantees of the rights of children in need of social protection.

The system of social protection of orphans and children deprived of parental care has been improved. A number of important documents were adopted in order to ensure children's rights. In these documents, the state is responsible for ensuring the rights, freedoms and legal interests of the child, protecting the life and health, dignity of the child, not allowing him to be discriminated against, and supporting the physical, intellectual, spiritual and moral development of the young generation. priority directions of the policy were determined.

In accordance with the decision of our president "Additional measures are necessary to further strengthen the guarantees of children's rights", the Institute of Human Rights Representative (Ombudsman) of the Oliy Majlis was introduced.

The task of ensuring children's rights and freedoms and legal interests has also been expressed in the newly revised Constitution. In particular, a separate chapter - Chapter XIV is devoted to the issue of family, children and youth.

According to Article 78 of our General Dictionary, children are equal before the law, regardless of their parentage and civil status. It is the duty of the state to ensure and protect the rights, freedoms and legal interests of the child, to create the best conditions for his full physical, mental and cultural development. It was established that motherhood, fatherhood and childhood are protected by the state.

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The analysis shows that the number of legal documents related to children's rights in our national legislation is more than 40, and the number of legal documents is more than 500. This created the need to specialize in the legislation in the field of children's rights and create effective mechanisms for its implementation.

The issues mentioned in the Address of the President of our country complement the reforms implemented in Uzbekistan in the field of implementation of children's rights, in order to further improve it, he develops proposals for the implementation of the provisions of international standards in the field of ensuring the rights of the child in the national legislation, and the initiated reforms are carried out in the interests of the child. Lida effectively implements.

The implementation of the policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan on ensuring the rights of the child is based on the provisions of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child and other international legal documents on human rights and freedoms, which are contained in more than 100 laws and other normative legal documents. implemented, among which the Constitution of the Republic takes priority. Uzbekistan, the laws "On guarantees of children's rights" and "On state policy regarding youth" and others have created a strong legal framework and organizational-legal mechanisms for ensuring the observance and protection of children's rights.

It should be noted that the state undertakes to protect the rights and interests of the child and to create conditions for its comprehensive development, and takes all necessary measures for this. Mothers of the country are satisfied that their children are under the attention and protection of the state. At the same time, the state protection of motherhood, fatherhood, and childhood is expressed in our General Dictionary, which means that the rights of every member of the family are protected.

The attention of the state and society is that children and young people grow up in the spirit of loyalty to national and universal values, pride in the rich cultural heritage of our people, and love for the Motherland. Necessary conditions will be created in this regard, and our state will take care of it.

These constitutional norms show attention and care for the children of our country. Efforts to protect our children and fully ensure their rights mean that efforts will be continued consistently and on a large scale. The state is a strong

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wing in guiding our children towards high goals, and the love and care of their people gives them strength and invites them to new victories.

The Republic of Uzbekistan ratified the Convention on the Rights of the Child on December 9, 1992. This international legal document entered into force for our country on July 29, 1994.

Based on the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers on July 17, 2019, the program of events dedicated to the celebration of the 30th anniversary of the adoption of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child was approved. The program of events was the next important step towards the implementation of the decision of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on April 22, 2019 "On additional measures to further strengthen the guarantees of children's rights".

Many provisions of International Conventions have been implemented in our country to date and are reflected in the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, "On Guarantees of Children's Rights" and other legal documents. In order to further improve Uzbekistan's activities in this field and bring it to a new level, the task of developing a strategy for managing the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child and other international agreements on children's rights has been set. This Strategy defines the main tasks of our country in the field of child rights protection, mechanisms and measures for their implementation in the next 5 years. According to the Convention, the child is considered as an independent person. The Convention describes the child as a person with specific rights: the right to live, to start a family, to name and to have citizenship. In order to fully implement the requirements of the Convention on the Rights of the Child, to practically guarantee the rights of children provided for by the Constitution and laws of the Republic of Uzbekistan, to ensure that they grow into a physically, intellectually, mentally and spiritually mature generation, It is also based on the tasks defined in the Strategy of Actions on five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021.

The implementation strategy of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child and other international agreements on the rights of the child includes the following issues:

- 1) Strengthening guarantees of support of the family institution from the state fund;
- 2) Strengthening guarantees of children's rights and interests in the educational system;

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- 3) Providing qualified medical care to children and improving the system of monitoring their health;
- 4) Supporting orphans and children deprived of parental care, children with disabilities;
- 5) Ensuring justice for children and protecting them from illegal actions of adults;
- 6) To create an effective system of protection of children's rights and legal interests through non-judicial means and to strengthen the legal basis for independent protection of children.

Today's demand requires a review of the system of protection and support of children's rights and improvement of their legal status in Uzbekistan. There are a number of loopholes in the current legislation that do not allow the full protection of children's rights. This Strategy serves to fill these gaps.

Thus, the Strategy will, first of all, further strengthen the guarantees of protection of children's rights and freedoms, as well as the prestige and image of our country in the international arena by further improving the protection of children's rights, freedoms and legitimate interests. helps to improve.

In conclusion, children's rights are being strengthened in our country today, the legal opportunities given to children in the Strategy for the Development of New Uzbekistan are widely covered and, therefore, they are equaled to the rights at the international level.

The definition of children's rights logically follows from the main ideas of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Its separate article is devoted to children. It states that "Motherhood and childhood are entitled to special care and support." Thus, recognizing the equal rights of children to all the freedoms declared in the Declaration, the international community recognizes the need for additional assistance and support for children. That is, children have additional rights because of their special needs and vulnerability to exploitation and abuse.

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